



# TABALI VETAS BLANCAS CABERNET FRANC 2021

## VALLE DE LIMARÍ

ALTITUDE: 250 METERS SOIL: ALLUVIAL WITH LIMESTONE VEINS DISTANCE TO THE OCEAN: 24 KMS.



### VINEYARD

This vineyard is located in the coastal part of the valley. This is an alluvial terrace interrupted by great ravines formed long ago by rivers that today are dry but have ample vegetation at their base.

## **CLIMATE AND SORROUNDINGS**

In this area, the valley is very wide with great visibility because of the purity of its air and the scarcity of buildings. It is quite windy in the afternoons and is technically classed as a cool area for wine production. The vineyards in this area are intermingled with other crops, especially olive trees for olive oil production.

#### SOIL

This vineyard is located on the oldest alluvial terrace in the coastal part of the Limarí Valley. It was the first to form and has very special characteristics that make it particularly suitable for producing high-end wines. In the coastal area, where this vineyard is located (24 km from the sea), the alluvial terrace reveals different levels of clay at the surface. This gives way to a matrix of alluvial soil (volcanic rock which was rounded by erosion as it was carried many kilometres from high up in the mountains). This soil is very stony but has veins of limestone in the form of dust, mainly consisting of calcium carbonate. The limestone rocks in the high peaks of the Andes mountains were dragged by melting ice to the lower parts of the valley and deposited there as dust mixed with alluvial soil. This phenomenon is what marks the Limarí Valley as immediately different from Chile's other wine regions, as limestone produces very refreshing, mineral wines in a style quite different to those from the rest ofthe country, even cool areas.

## PRODUCTION AND AGEING

Every single task in the vineyard, from pruning to harvesting, is carefully supervised by our viticultural and winemaking team in order to produce the best quality fruit possible. The grapes were hand-harvested into 20kg-bins to avoid any damage to the fruit. The harvest began in the first week in March, when this variety had reached the optimum phenolic ripeness. The clusters were later very carefully selected, then destemmed and selected one last time. Then they were subject to a cold soak for 8 days at 8°C, before continuing on to the alcoholic fermentation in small stainless steel tanks at controlled temperatures. Next came a second maceration, lasting 3 days. 100% of this wine was aged in French oak barrels for 12 months.

## **TASTING NOTES**

Intense red in colour, this wine has an elegant nose, with upfront notes of spices, tobacco leaves, black fruit and graphite. In the mouth, the tannins are firm and juicy, lending the wine great structure, persistence and complexity.

# TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Winemaker: Felipe Müller Varieties: 1005 Cabernet Franc Yield: 7.000 kgs per ha Harvest:; First week of March Alcohol: 14% PH: 3.35 Total Acidity: 5.54 g/l Residual Sugar: 2.44 g/l